

### Safety Data Sheet

Prepared according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name : Gasoline (NO Ethanol)

Product form : Mixture

Formula : Aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons/variable (C5-C9). A complex mixture of aliphatic parafins,

olefins, napthalenes, and aromatic hydrocarbons. May contain small amounts (less than 3%) of

benzene.

Other means of identification : No Lead, 87 Reformulated, 89 Reformulated 93 Reformulated, Regular, Mid-Grade, Premium

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Automotive Fuel, Motor Fuel

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Apex Oil Company, Inc. Clark Oil Trading Company

Enjet, LLC

8235 Forsyth Boulevard, Suite 400

St. Louis, Missouri 63105

General Assistance 1-314-889-9600

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300 (Apex reference number: 225708)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS-US** classification

Flam. Liq. 1 H224 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Muta. 1B H340 Carc. 1A H350 Repr. 2 H361 STOT SE 2 H371 STOT RE 2 H373 Asp. Tox. 1 H304 Aquatic Acute 3 H402 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### **GHS-US** labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)









Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation H340 - May cause genetic defects

H350 - May cause cancer

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H371 - May cause damage to organs (Inhalation)

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H402 - Harmful to aquatic life

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P210 - Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks. - No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge

P260 - Do not breathe mist, vapors

P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

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P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a doctor, a POISON CENTER

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

P321 - Specific treatment (see first aid instructions on this label)

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO2), dry extinguishing powder, foam to extinguish

P391 - Collect spillage

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	<b>%</b> 60 - 100	
Gasoline, natural	(CAS No) 8006-61-9		
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS No) 1330-20-7	1 - 18	
Toluene	(CAS No) 108-88-3	1 - 20	
Hexane	(CAS No) 110-54-3	5 - 15	
Benzene	(CAS No) 71-43-2	< 3	
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	(CAS No) 95-63-6	1 - 5	
Ethylbenzene	(CAS No) 100-41-4	1 - 5	
Naphthalene	(CAS No) 91-20-3	1 - 5	
tert-Amyl methyl ether	(CAS No) 994-05-8	0.1 - 1	
Butane	(CAS No) 106-97-8	<= 4	

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

First-aid measures after eye contact

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : If exposed or concerned, get medical attention/advice. Show this safety data sheet to the

doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Never give anything to an

unconscious person.

First-aid measures after inhalation : IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get

medical attention. If breathing is difficult, supply oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial

respiration.

First-aid measures after skin contact : IF ON SKIN (or clothing): Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation develops or persists, get medical attention.

: IF IN EYES: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact

lenses if present and easy to do so. If pain, blinking, or irritation develops or persists, get

medical attention. Continue rinsing.

First-aid measures after ingestion : IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison

control center or medical professional. Get medical attention immediately.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause genetic

defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs (Inhalation). May cause damage to organs through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Causes damage to organs.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : May cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Direct contact with the eyes is likely to be irritating.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

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Chronic symptoms

: May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Sand. Water spray. Water fog.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Explosion hazard : Heating may cause an explosion.

Reactivity : Flowing product can be ignited by self-generated static electricity.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures fire : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Do not dispose of fire-fighting water in the environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Self-contained breathing apparatus.

Other information : Will float and can be reignited on water surface.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Evacuate area. Ventilate area. Keep up

: Evacuate area. Ventilate area. Keep upwind. Spill should be handled by trained clean-up crews properly equipped with respiratory equipment and full chemical protective gear (see Section 8).

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear Protective equipment as described in Section 8.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye or face protection. Approved supplied-air

respirator, in case of emergency.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and

entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for cleaning up : Eliminate ignition sources. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth

as soon as possible. Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal. Recover as much product as possible with vacuum truck or pump to storage/salvage vessels. This material

and its container must be disposed of in a safe way, and as per local legislation.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Bond and ground containers during product transfer to reduce the possibility of static-initiated fire or explosion. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid breathing vapors, mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE). Immediately rinse contaminated clothing thoroughly with water. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Use explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapors.

Storage conditions : Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep the container tightly closed. Avoid temperature extremes. Store in original container. Keep away from ignition sources. Ground

and bond all transfer and storage equipment.

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#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Gasoline, natural (8006-61-9)			
Remark (ACGIH)	OELs not established		
Remark (OSHA)	OELs not established		
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)			
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100		
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150		
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435		
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100		
OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	655		
OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	150		
Toluene (108-88-3)			
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20		
Remark (ACGIH)	Visual impair; female repro;		
Hexane (110-54-3)			
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	50		
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800		
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500		
Benzene (71-43-2)	<u> </u>		
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	0.5		
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	2.5		
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1		
OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	5 (see 29 CFR 1910.1028)		
OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	25		
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)			
Remark (ACGIH)	OELs not established		
Remark (OSHA)	OELs not established		
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)			
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20		
Remark (ACGIH)	upper respiratory tract irritation; kidney damage (nephropathy); cochlear impairment		
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435		
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100		
OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	545		
OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	125		
Naphthalene (91-20-3)			
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10		
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	15		
Remark (ACGIH)	5 TWA notice of intended changes TLVs		
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	50		
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	10		
sure controls			

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof equipment with flammable materials. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal protective equipment

: Gloves. Protective goggles. Wear chemically impervious apron over labcoat and full coverage clothing. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.









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Hand protection

: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or repeated contact could occur. Gloves should be classified under Standard EN 374 or ASTM F1296. Suggested glove materials are: Neoprene, Nitrile/butadiene rubber, Polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate, PVC or vinyl. Suitable gloves for this specific application can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Eye protection : Wear eye protection, including chemical splash goggles and a face shield when possibility

exists for eye contact due to spraying liquid or airborne particles.

Skin and body protection : Wear long sleeves, and chemically impervious PPE/coveralls to minimize bodily exposure.

Respiratory protection : Wear a NIOSH-approved (or equivalent) full-facepiece airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of vapors, use suitable respiratory equipment with gas filter (type A2). Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are

not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Appearance : Viscous liquid.
Color : Clear. Amber.
Odor : Gasoline-like.

Odor Threshold : 0.02 ppm ("rotten egg")
pH : No data available

Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : 10 - 11

Melting point : No data available
Freezing point : No data available
Boiling point : 24 - 225 °C (75 - 437 °F)

Flash point : -43 °C (-45 °F)

Auto-ignition temperature : 257 °C (495 °F) (Text)

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Vapor pressure : 6.5 - 15 @ 38 °C (100 °F)

Relative vapor density at 20  $^{\circ}$ C : 3 - 4.4 (Air = 1)

Relative density : 0.7022 - 0.7587 (typical)

Solubility : Insoluble.

Log Pow : No data available

Log Kow : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : 0.216 cSt (0.00216 cm²/s) (37.8 °C)

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available
Explosive properties : No data available
Oxidising properties : No data available
Explosive limits : 1.4 - 7.6 %

# 9.2. Other informationNo additional information available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Flowing product can be ignited by self-generated static electricity.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with: Ignition sources. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Prevent vapor accumulation.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agent.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition generates: Organic hydrocarbons. Carbon oxides (CO, CO2). Organic acids. Aldehydes.

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1.	Information	an	toxicological	offooto
11.1.	information	on	toxicological	errects

: Not classified Acute toxicity

Acute toxicity	
Gasoline, natural (8006-61-9)	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	300 g/m³ 5 min
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg
ATE CLP (dermal)	1100.000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE CLP (gases)	4500.000 ppmv/4h
ATE CLP (vapors)	11.000 mg/l/4h
ATE CLP (dust,mist)	1.500 mg/l/4h
Toluene (108-88-3)	·
LD50 oral rat	2600 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	12000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	12.5 mg/l/4h
Hexane (110-54-3)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	3000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	48000 ppm/4h
" ' '	40000 ppinyan
Benzene (71-43-2)	0000
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 8200 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	44.66 mg/l/4h (vapor)
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)	
LD50 oral rat	3280 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg
ATE CLP (gases)	4500.000 ppmv/4h
ATE CLP (vapors)	11.000 mg/l/4h
ATE CLP (dust,mist)	1.500 mg/l/4h
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	15400 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	17.2 mg/l/4h
ATE CLP (gases)	4500.000 ppmv/4h
ATE CLP (vapors)	11.000 mg/l/4h
ATE CLP (dust,mist)	1.500 mg/l/4h
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LD50 oral rat	1110 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	1120 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 340 mg/m³ 1 h
ATE CLP (oral)	500.000 mg/kg bodyweight
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: May cause genetic defects.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer.
Benzene (71-43-2)	. may ended extremi
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	2 - Known Human Carcinogens
5, 5 , ,	2 - Milowit Hullian Calcinogens
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: May cause damage to organs (Inhalation).
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
exposure)	

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Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Causes damage to organs. Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : May cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Direct contact with the eyes is likely to be irritating. Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic symptoms May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**



#### **GHS Classification:**

H411 -- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity -- Category 2

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hexane (110-54-3)		
LC50 fishes 1	2.1 - 2.98 mg/l 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas [flow-through]	

#### Persistence and degradability 12.2.

Unleaded Gasoline (NO Ethanol)	
Persistence and degradability	No information available.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Unleaded Gasoline (NO Ethanol)	
Bioaccumulative potential	No information available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Unleaded Gasoline (NO Ethanol)	
Ecology - soil	No information available.

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : No data available.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods : Obtain the consent of pollution control authorities before discharging to wastewater treatment

plants

Waste disposal recommendations Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not allow the

product to be released into the environment.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1203 Gasoline (includes gasoline mixed with ethyl alcohol, with not more than 10% alcohol),

3, II : 1203

UN-No.(DOT) DOT NA no. : UN1203 Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Gasoline

includes gasoline mixed with ethyl alcohol, with not more than 10% alcohol

Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard

Classes

: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid



Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 5 L

(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 60 L

CFR 175.75)

**DOT Vessel Stowage Location** 

: E - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length, but is prohibited from carriage on passenger vessels in which the limiting number of passengers is exceeded.

**Additional information** 

Other information : No supplementary information available.

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#### Transport by sea

No additional information available

#### Air transport

No additional information available

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

sted in the EPA (Environment Protection Associated	v) TSCA (Toyic Substances Control Act) Inventory
sted in the EFA (Environment Flotection Agenc	y) 13CA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard Fire hazard	
10	lb
Listed on US SARA Section 313	
1000	lb
Listed on US SARA Section 313	
1000	lb
Listed on US SARA Section 313	
100	lb
Listed on US SARA Section 313	
5000	lb
Listed on US SARA Section 313	
1000	lb
1000	
Listed on US SARA Section 313	
Listed on US SARA Section 313	
Listed on US SARA Section 313	
Listed on US SARA Section 313	
Listed on US SARA Section 313	
	Delayed (chronic) health hazard Fire hazard  10 Listed on US SARA Section 313  1000 Listed on US SARA Section 313  1000 Listed on US SARA Section 313  1000 Listed on US SARA Section 313

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Naphthalene (91-20-3)		
Section 302 (EHS) TPQ		
Section 304 EHS RQ		
CERCLA RQ	100 lb	
Section 313	Listed on US SARA Section 313	

#### 15.2. International regulations

#### **CANADA**

Unleaded Gasoline (N	D Ethanol)
All chemical substances	in this product are listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### 15.3. US State regulations

#### **California Proposition 65**

WARNING! This product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Toluene (108-88-3)	II C. California	II C. California	II.C. California	Nie siemitiesense viet terre
U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	No significance risk leve
Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	(NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity - Female	Reproductive Toxicity -	
		Female	Male	
No	Yes	No	No	7000b μg/day
Benzene (71-43-2)				
U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	No significance risk leve
Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	(NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity -	Reproductive Toxicity -	
		Female	Male	
Yes	Yes	No	Yes	6.4 (oral) µg/day
				13 (inhalation) µg/day
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4	)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	No significance risk leve
Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	(NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity -	Reproductive Toxicity -	
		Female	Male	
Yes	No	No	No	54 (inhalation) µg/day
				41 (oral) µg/day
Naphthalene (91-20-3)				
U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	No significance risk leve
Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	(NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity -	Reproductive Toxicity -	
		Female	Male	
	ı			5.8 μg/day

#### Gasoline, natural (8006-61-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

### Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

#### Toluene (108-88-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

#### Hexane (110-54-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

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#### Benzene (71-43-2)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Special Hazardous Substances
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

#### Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

#### Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

#### Butane (106-97-8)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### tert-Amyl methyl ether (994-05-8)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

#### Naphthalene (91-20-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indication of changes : Revision 1.0: New SDS Created.

Revision date : 10/26/2015 Other information : Author: BCS.

NFPA health hazard : 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or

residual injury even though prompt medical attention was

given.

NFPA fire hazard : 3 - Can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature

conditions.

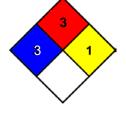
NFPA reactivity : 1 - Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated

temperatures and pressures or may react with water with

some release of energy, but not violently.

**HMIS III Rating** 

Health: 3\*Flammability: 3Physical: 1Personal Protection:



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