



# Jet A

## Safety Data Sheet

Prepared according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations  
Revision date: 11/14/2018 Supersedes: 06/01/2004 Version: 1.0

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name : Jet A  
Product form : Mixture  
Formula : A complex mixture of paraffins, cycloparaffins, olefins and aromatic hydrocarbons. Contains minor amounts of sulfur (< 0.05%). May contain a trace of benzene (< 0.01%).  
Other means of identification : Aviation Turbine Fuel, Jet A Turbine Fuel

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Aviation Fuel

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Apex Oil Company, Inc.  
Clark Oil Trading Company  
Enjet, LLC  
8235 Forsyth Boulevard, Suite 400  
St. Louis, Missouri 63105  
General Assistance 1-314-889-9600

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300 (Apex reference number: 225708)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### Classified Hazards

H226 - Flammable liquids -- Category 3  
H304 -- Aspiration Hazard -- Category 1  
H315 -- Skin corrosion/irritation -- Category 2  
H336 -- Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) -- Category 3  
H411 -- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity -- Category 2

#### Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

PHNOC: Electrostatic charge may be generated during pumping and other operations

HHNOC: None known

### Label Elements



#### DANGER

Flammable liquid and vapor  
Causes skin irritation  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects



Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking; Ground/bond container and receiving equipment; Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilation and lighting) equipment; Use only non-sparking tools; Take precautionary measures against static discharge; Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray; Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area; Avoid release to the environment; Wear protective gloves/protective clothing and eye/face protection; Wash skin thoroughly after handling; IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician; Do NOT induce vomiting; IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower; IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing; Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell; Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse; In case of fire: Use CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, or foam for extinction; Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed; Collect spillage; Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

# Jet A

## Safety Data Sheet

Prepared according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%
Kerosine, petroleum	(CAS No) 8008-20-6	95 - 100
Benzene	(CAS No) 71-43-2	< 3

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures general : If exposed or concerned, get medical attention/advice. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Never give anything to an unconscious person.
- First-aid measures after inhalation : IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention. If breathing is difficult, supply oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : IF ON SKIN (or clothing): Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation develops or persists, get medical attention.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : IF IN EYES: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. If pain, blinking, or irritation develops or persists, get medical attention. Continue rinsing.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center or medical professional. Get medical attention immediately.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms/injuries : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.
- Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : May cause skin irritation.
- Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Direct contact with the eyes is likely to be irritating.
- Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- Chronic symptoms : May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### NFPA 704 Hazard Class

Health: 1 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0



0 (Minimal)  
1 (Slight)  
2 (Moderate)  
3 (Serious)  
4 (Severe)

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Sand.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
- Explosion hazard : Heating may cause an explosion.
- Reactivity : Flowing product can be ignited by self-generated static electricity.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Precautionary measures fire : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Do not dispose of fire-fighting water in the environment.
- Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Other information : Material will float and can be re-ignited on surface of water. Flowing product can be ignited by self-generated static electricity. Clothing, rags or similar organic material contaminated with this product and stored in a closed space may undergo spontaneous combustion.

# Jet A

## Safety Data Sheet

Prepared according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Evacuate area. Ventilate area. Keep upwind. Spill should be handled by trained clean-up crews properly equipped with respiratory equipment and full chemical protective gear (see Section 8).

##### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear Protective equipment as described in Section 8.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

##### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye or face protection. Approved supplied-air respirator, in case of emergency.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for cleaning up : Eliminate ignition sources. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal. Recover as much product as possible with vacuum truck or pump to storage/salvage vessels. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way, and as per local legislation.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE). Immediately rinse contaminated clothing thoroughly with water. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid breathing vapors, mist. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep the container tightly closed. Store in original container. Avoid temperature extremes. Keep away from ignition sources. Ground and bond all transfer and storage equipment.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

<b>Benzene (71-43-2)</b>	
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	0.5
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	2.5
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1
OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	5 (see 29 CFR 1910.1028)
OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	25
<b>Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6)</b>	
ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	200 application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures, total hydrocarbon vapor
Remark (OSHA)	OELs not established

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof equipment with flammable materials. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

# Jet A

## Safety Data Sheet

Prepared according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Personal protective equipment : Gloves. Protective goggles. Wear chemically impervious apron over labcoat and full coverage clothing. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Hand protection : Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or repeated contact could occur. Gloves should be classified under Standard EN 374 or ASTM F1296. Suggested glove materials are: Neoprene, Nitrile/butadiene rubber, Polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate, PVC or vinyl. . Suitable gloves for this specific application can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Eye protection : Wear eye protection, including chemical splash goggles and a face shield when possibility exists for eye contact due to spraying liquid or airborne particles.

Skin and body protection : Wear long sleeves, and chemically impervious PPE/coveralls to minimize bodily exposure.

Respiratory protection : Wear a NIOSH-approved (or equivalent) full-facepiece airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of vapors, use suitable respiratory equipment with gas filter (type A2). Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Viscous liquid.
Color	: Transparent. light brown. amber. Clear.
Odor	: Petroleum-like odor. Oily Odor.
Odor Threshold	: 0.02 ppm ("rotten egg")
pH	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: > 10
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 177 - 371 °C (350 - 700 °F)
Flash point	: 38 - 82 °C (100 - 180 °F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 260 °C (500 °F)
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: 0.4 mm Hg (0.053 kPa) @ 20 °C (68 °F)
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: > 1 (Air = 1)
Relative density	: 0.81 (typical)
Solubility	: Insoluble. Water: Floats on water
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: > 1.3 cSt (0.013 cm <sup>2</sup> /s) (40 °C)
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available
Explosive limits	: 0.6 - 7.5 vol %

#### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Flowing product can be ignited by self-generated static electricity.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

# Jet A

## Safety Data Sheet

Prepared according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with : Ignition sources. Incompatible materials.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agent.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition generates : Hydrocarbons. Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>). Water. Organic acids. Aldehydes.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Benzene (71-43-2)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 8200 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	44.66 mg/l/4h (vapor)

Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 5.28 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified  
Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified  
Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified  
Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects.  
Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer.

Benzene (71-43-2)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	2 - Known Human Carcinogens

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified  
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified  
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.  
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : May cause skin irritation.  
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Direct contact with the eyes is likely to be irritating.  
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
Chronic symptoms : May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information



**GHS Classification:**  
**H411 -- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity -- Category 2**  
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No information available.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Jet A	
Persistence and degradability	No information available.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Jet A	
Bioaccumulative potential	No information available.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Jet A	
Ecology - soil	No information available.

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : No data available.

# Jet A

## Safety Data Sheet

Prepared according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

- Waste treatment methods : Obtain the consent of pollution control authorities before discharging to wastewater treatment plants.
- Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not allow the product to be released into the environment.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

- Transport document description : UN1863 Fuel, aviation, turbine engine (Contains: Benzene), 3, III
- UN-No.(DOT) : 1863
- DOT NA no. : UN1863
- Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Fuel, aviation, turbine engine  
Contains: Benzene
- Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120
- Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid



- Packing group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger
- DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 60 L
- DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 220 L
- DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

#### Additional information

- Other information : No supplementary information available.

#### Transport by sea

No additional information available

#### Air transport

No additional information available

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Jet A	
All chemical substances in this product are listed in the EPA (Environment Protection Agency) TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Inventory All the constituents of this preparation are registered in the EINECS inventory or in the ELINCS list	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard Fire hazard
Benzene (71-43-2)	
Section 302 (EHS) TPQ	
Section 304 EHS RQ	
CERCLA RQ	10 lb
Section 313	Listed on US SARA Section 313

#### 15.2. International regulations

##### CANADA

Unleaded Gasoline (NO Ethanol)
All chemical substances in this product are listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### 15.3. US State regulations

##### California Proposition 65

WARNING! This product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

# Jet A

## Safety Data Sheet

Prepared according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

<b>Benzene (71-43-2)</b>				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	Yes	No	Yes	6.4 (oral) µg/day 13 (inhalation) µg/day

<b>Benzene (71-43-2)</b>
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

<b>Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6)</b>
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

### SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes : Revision 1.0: New SDS Created.  
Revision date : 04/30/2015  
Other information : Author: BCS.

#### HMIS III Rating

Health : 3\*  
Flammability : 2  
Physical : 0  
Personal Protection :

Information contained herein was based on data and compiled from reference materials and other sources believed to be reliable and is offered in good faith. However, the SDS's accuracy or completeness is not guaranteed by Apex, nor is any responsibility assumed or implied for any loss or damage resulting from inaccuracies or omissions. Conditions of use and suitability of the product for particular uses are beyond our control; all risks of use of the product are therefore assumed by the user and WE EXPRESSLY DISCLAIM ALL WARRANTIES OF EVERY KIND AND NATURE, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE IN RESPECT TO THE USE OR SUITABILITY OF THE PRODUCT. Nothing is intended as a recommendation for uses which infringe valid patents or as extending license under valid patents. Appropriate warnings and safe handling procedures should be provided to handlers and users.